SEMESTER – I

2022-2023 ONWARDS



DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY OSMANIA UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD- 500 007

2022-2023

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY, OSMANIA UNIVERSITY

SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION & EXAMINATION M. A. SOCIOLOGY (REGULAR) – 2022-23

SI No.	Paper	Paper Title	Scheme of Instruction (Hours per week)	Credits	Scheme of Examination Internal and Semester
1.	SOC-101	Principles of Sociology	5	5	30+ 70 = 100
2.	SOC-102	Classical Sociological Thought	5	5	30 + 70 = 100
3.	SOC-103	Rural and Urban Sociology	5	5	30 + 70 = 100
4.	SOC - 104	Social Stratification and Mobility	5	5	30 + 70 = 100
		TOTAL	20	20	400

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SOC101 - PRINCIPLES OF SOCIOLOGY

UNIT – I:

Sociology: Its Definitions, Nature, Scope, Emergence and Methods. Sociology as Science and its relationship with other Social Sciences (Social Anthropology, Political Science, Economics, History, Psychology etc). Major Theoretical Perspectives and Basic Orientation of Sociological Theories. Importance, Applications and Research Fields of Sociology.

UNIT – II:

Basic concepts: Society: Its Definitions, Nature, Characteristics, Functions and Theories of Evolution. Typology of Society: Tribal, Agrarian/Peasant, Rural, Urban, Industrial and Post-Industrial. Society and Individual - Influence of Heredity and Environment on Personality Development – Community – Association – Culture. Social Group: Its Classification. Elements of Social Structure and Social System – Role, Status, Values, Norms.

UNIT – III:

Social Interaction: Social Processes – Associative and Disassociative. **Socialization:** Meaning, Agencies and Significant Theories. **Social Institutions:** Family, Marriage and Kinship – their Classification, Patterns and Usages.

UNIT – IV:

Social Institutions: Education, Polity and Religion.

Economy: Concept of Property, Economic Systems of Simple and Complex Societies - Free Market and Planned Economy.

Polity: Power, Authority and Legitimacy – Civil Society - Political Socialization and Modernization; Pressure Groups.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$:

Social Stratification and Mobility: Forms and Functions; Caste, Class, Gender and Estate; Theories of Social Stratification; Social Control; Deviance and Conformity; Means and Agencies of Social Control.

Social Change: Theories and Factors of Social Change.

References:

C.N. Shankar Rao	Sociology, Chand Publication, New Delhi
Fulcher James & John Scott.	Sociology, Third Ed. OUP, 2007.
Haralambos &Heald.	Sociology: Themes and Perspective, London: Harper Collins,
Henslin, Jim.	Sociology: A Down to Earth Approach. USA: Pearson, 2009.
Macionis, John.	Sociology, New Jersey: Prentice Hall.199
A. Giddens	Sociology, Polity Press
Bottomore	Sociology
Alex Inkeles	What is Sociology?
Alex Theo	Sociology
Bauman, Zygmunt.	Thinking Sociologically, London: Blackwell, 1990.
Berger, Peter.	An Invitation to Sociology - A Humanist Perspective,
Mills, C Wright.	The Sociological Imagination, Harmondsworth: Penguin, 1967.
Nisbet, Robert.	The Sociological Tradition, London: Heinemann, 1967.
Williams, Raymond,	Key words, London: Fontana Publications, 1976.

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SOC102: CLASSSICAL SOCIOLOGICAL THOUGHT

Unit-I:

Development of Thought – Introduction to Sociological Theories; Typologies of Social Theory – Pre-Modern, Modern & Post-Modern, Micro & Macro Theories; Influence of Industrial and French Revolution on Sociological thought.

Auguste Comte: Life and Major Writings; Positivism - Enlightenment and Conservative Reaction - Sociology: The Birth of a New Social Science - Hierarchy of Sciences - Law of three stages – Social Static and Dynamic.

Unit-II:

Herbert Spencer: Organic Analogy; Theory of Evolution; Military and Industrial Society. **Vilfred Pareto:** Logical and Non-logical actions; Residues and Derivations; Theory of Social Utility; Theory of Circulation of Elites.

Unit-III:

Karl Marx: Life & Major Works; Dialectical Materialism and Materialistic Interpretation of History, Concept of Classes, Theory of Class and Class Conflict – Surplus Value - Alienation and its Social Implications. Ideology and Capitalism - Theory of Religion.

Unit-IV:

Emile Durkheim: Rules of Sociological Method; Theory of Social Facts, Division of Labour, Social Solidarity: Mechanical and Organic. Collective Consciousness and Anomie, Elementary Forms of Religious life: Nature of Religion, Sacred and Profane; Totemism; Suicide: Types and Causes; Suicide and Social Structure.

Unit-V:

Max Weber: Social Action, Types of Social Action; Verstehen; Causality and Ideal Types. Values; Power and Authority; Types of Authority; Class, Status and Party; Religion and the Rise of Capitalism; Bureaucracy.

References:

Social Thought from Lore to Science, New York, Dover Publishers.				
Origin and Development of Sociology.				
Sociology, Introduction				
Nature and types of Sociological Theory.				
The Coming Crisis of Western Sociology				
History of Classical Sociology Introduction, Progress				
Publishers, Moscow, A Short History of Sociological Thought, St. Martin Press,				
New York, 1984.				
History of Sociological Theory				
Ideology and Development of Sociological Theory Engle				
Wood Cliffs, N.J. Prentice Hall, 1968.				
Sociological Theory, McGraw Hill, 1992.				

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SOC103 - RURAL AND URBAN SOCIOLOGY

UNIT –I:

Definition, Meaning, Nature and scope of Rural and Urban Sociology – Rural and Urban Society Characteristics – Rural Urban Differences and Continuum – Notion of Village, Town/City– Agriculture and Industrial Revolution-Causes of Urbanization - Relation between Urbanization and Industrialization. Population in Rural and Urban Areas – Its Growth and Implications.

UNIT –II:

Social Structure of Rural & Urban Communities – Caste, Jati, Ethnicity, – Inter-caste Relationship, Jajmani System –Major Theoretical Perspectives in Urban Sociology - Patterns of Urban Growth – Urban Ecology-Concentric Zone theory - Hoyt's sector theory, Multiple-nuclei theory –Central place theory – Urbanism as a way of life.

UNIT –III:

Rural economy in India-Rural Development Initiatives - Programmes in India-Rural Unrest-Green Revolution and its Social Implications; Sustainable Development – Industrial Growth and Urbanization - Migration: Factors, Problems and Prospects – Urbanization and Development – Identity, Culture, Contradictions and Social Tensions in Cities –Ecology and Environment in Slums, Urban Slums: Problems and Solutions – Changing Urban Life – its Ramifications.

UNIT –IV:

Village Governance in India – Panchayati Raj System: its impact on Rural India-Land Reforms -Social change in Village India in the context of Liberalization and Globalization. Rural Unrest – Suicides of Farmers and Weavers – Devastation of Artisan Profession and its effect on Rural Economy.

Unit – V:

City/Town Planning – Concept, Theory and Practice -Urban Problems – Traffic and Transportation – Sewerage and Waste Disposal – Drinking Water – Problems of Unplanned Settlements – its impact on Health, Education, Employment, Environment & Pollution in Cities; Urban Pollution – Air, Water, Noise in Cities – Government Measures– Interventions of NGOs - National Urbanization Policy in India.

References:

Rural Sociology

- 1. A.R.Desai
- 2. Alrein Betrand
- 3. Loomis Beegle
- 4. D.N.Majumdar(Ed)
- 5. S.C. Dube
- 6. Ishwaran
- 7. Beidelman
- 8. Makim Marriot(Ed)
- 9. R.K.Mukherjee
- 10. M.N.Srinivas
- 11. Andre Beteille
- 12. Gopal Laljain
- 13. A.N.Agarwal

- Introduction to Rural Sociology in India
- : Rural Sociology
- : Rural Sociology
- : Rural profiles
- : Indian village
- : Tradition and economy in village India
- : A Comparative analysis of the Jajmani System
- : Village India
- : Dynamics of Rural Society
- : India's villages
- : Studies in Agrarian Social Structure
- : Rural Development
- : Indian Economy

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SOC104 - SOCIAL STRATIFICATION AND SOCIAL MOBILITY

UNIT-I:

Social Differentiation and Social Stratification-Attributes of Social Stratification-Dimensions of Stratification:

- (a) Perspectives and Concepts in the study of Social Stratification and Social Mobility;
- (b) Social inequality in historical and contemporary contexts indices of inequality-life chances and life styles;
- (c) Principal types of stratification systems: Caste, Class, Estate and Gender.

UNIT-II:

Theoretical Perspectives:

- (a) Contributions of Karl Marx and Max Weber to the understanding of Social Stratification;
- (b) Functional theory of stratification (Davis-Moor's theories);
- (c) Parson's theory of stratification;
- (d) Lenski's theory of stratification.

UNIT-III:

Caste system in India. Present situation of caste in rural and urban areas – Changing Trends in the Caste System in Contemporary Indian Society.

Class-definition of class - classes in industrial and economically eveloping societies.

Unit-IV:

Relationship between social stratification and mobility; Types of social mobility - Social and Occupational Mobility, Gender and Social Mobility - Factors affecting mobility.

Unit-V:

Reference Group Theory and Mobility. Sanskritization, Modernization, Westernization and Social Mobility. Elites in India-Social Mobility Trends in Rural and Urban India; Constraints to Social Mobility in India

References:

Abrahamson M. Ephrain	:	Stratification and Mobility
Bergel	:	Social Stratification
Betaille A.	:	Social inequality
Bottomore, T.B.	:	Classes in Modern Society
Dahrendorf,R.	:	Class and Conflict in an industrial society
Deepankar Gupta	:	Social Stratification, Rawat Publications
Lipset S.M. & Bendix , R.	:	Class, Status and Power
Ghurye, G.C.	:	Caste and Class in India, Rawat Publications
Matreass,J	:	Stratification
Mayer, R.B. & Buckley	:	Class and Society
Srinivas, M.N.	:	Religion and Society among the Coorgs of South India
Srinivas, M.N.	:	Social Change in Modern India
Tumin, M.M.	:	Social Stratification